



# Employment and earnings outcomes of higher education graduates by subject and institution: experimental statistics using the Longitudinal Education Outcomes (LEO) data

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This is the third in a series of higher education data releases from the Department for Education's new Longitudinal Education Outcomes dataset. It focuses on the employment and earnings outcomes in the tax year 2014/15 for those who graduated with an undergraduate degree in 2008/09, 2010/11 and 2012/13 from a higher education institution (HEI) in Great Britain. Data is presented for 23 subject areas and split by sex, subject studied and HEI. To provide context, splits by HEI are accompanied by information on graduates' average attainment prior to commencing their studies and, as an indicator of disadvantage, their Participation of Local Areas (POLAR) classification.

The figure below summarises the distribution of median earnings for all institutions across each subject. Some subjects show a wider range of median earnings than others. Section 1 discusses some of the factors that influence graduates' earnings outcomes. In particular, earnings figures used in this publication do not include earnings from self-employment. Users should take these factors into consideration when comparing outcomes for different institutions.

### Distribution of median annualised earnings across HEIs for each subject area five years after graduation (minimum, lower quartile, median, upper quartile, maximum).

Graduating cohort 2008/09, sorted by medians

